

# ROSES



## Robust Self-configuring Embedded Systems

<http://www.ece.cmu.edu/roses>

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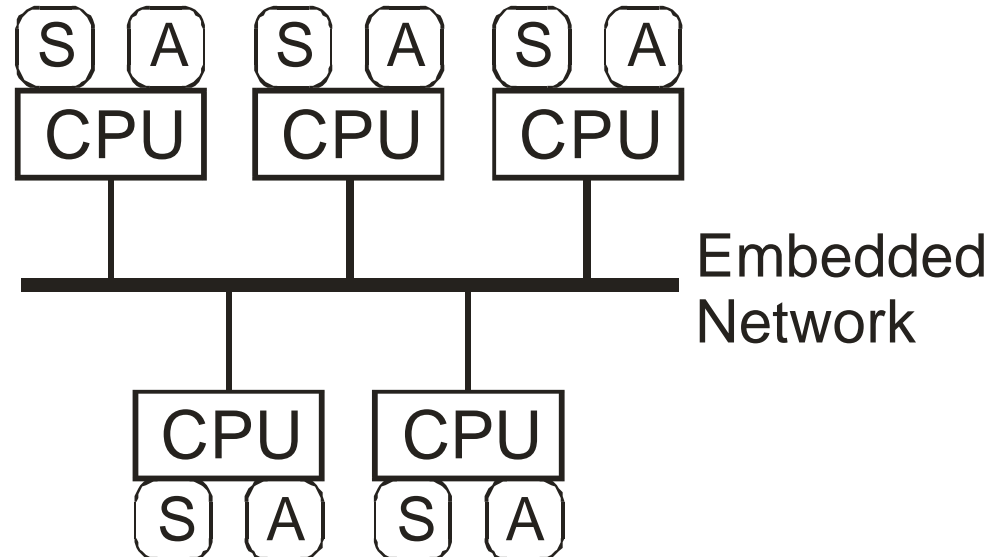
**Carnegie  
Mellon**



# RoSES Objectives

## ◆ Context: distributed embedded systems

- Multiple “smart” sensors/actuators connected to embedded real-time network



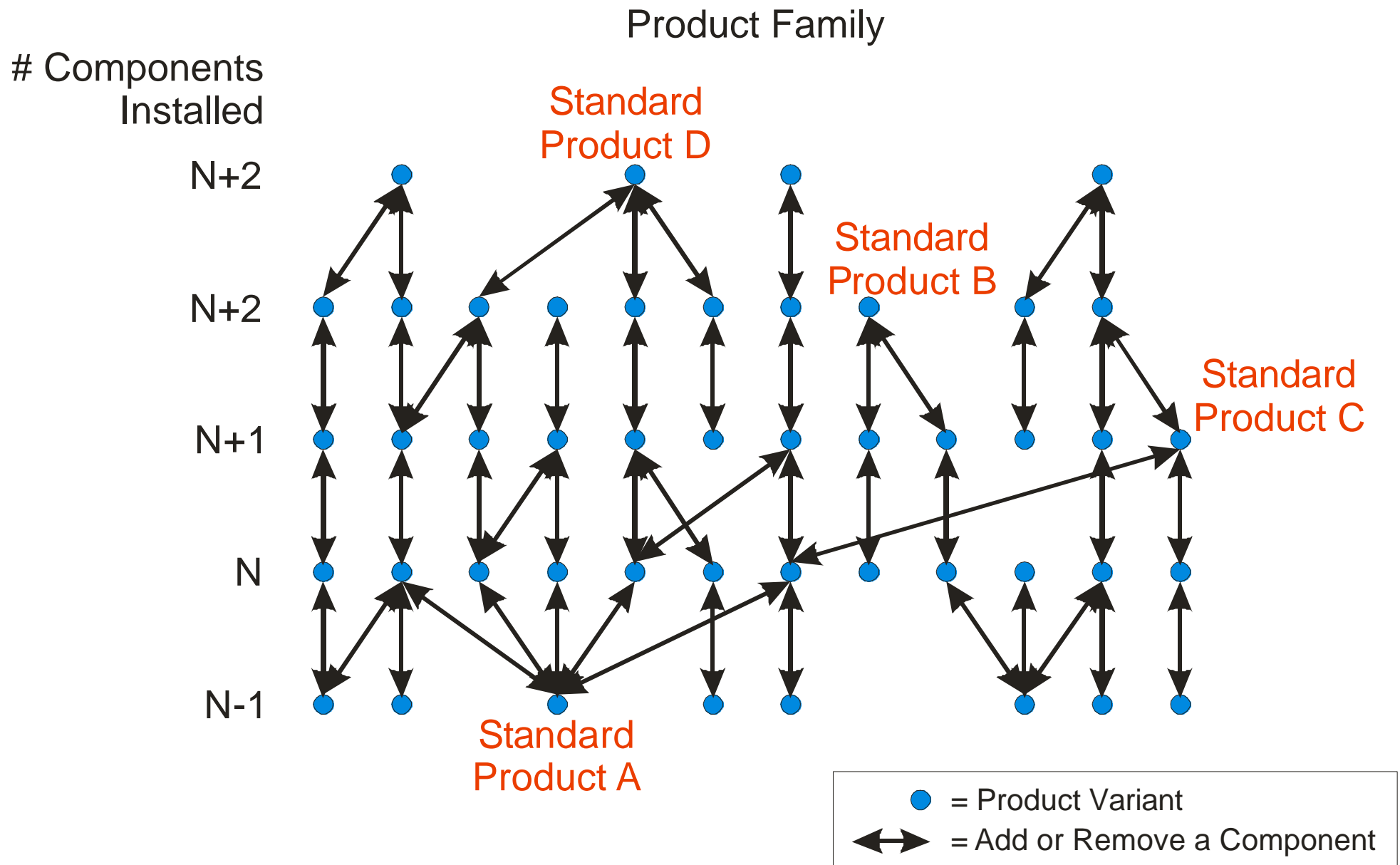
## ◆ Research goal – automatic reconfiguration for:

- Graceful degradation
- Graceful reintegration after repair
- Graceful acceptance of non-exact spares
- Graceful upgrade with new capabilities



# Product Family Architectures

- ◆ Fine grain distributed systems yield dense product lattices





# Why Self-Configuration?

- ◆ **Product Families + Automatic configuration management creates a unifying capability**
  - Product families can include degradation as well as intentional price/performance tradeoff points
- ◆ **Consider component failure as an example:**
  - Component fails –  
triggers reconfiguration for degraded operation
  - Component replaced –  
reconfiguration to integrate repair part
  - New component added –  
reconfiguration to upgrade system
- ◆ **That's a lot to attempt all at once...**
  - Static configuration at first
  - On-the-fly configuration as an eventual goal

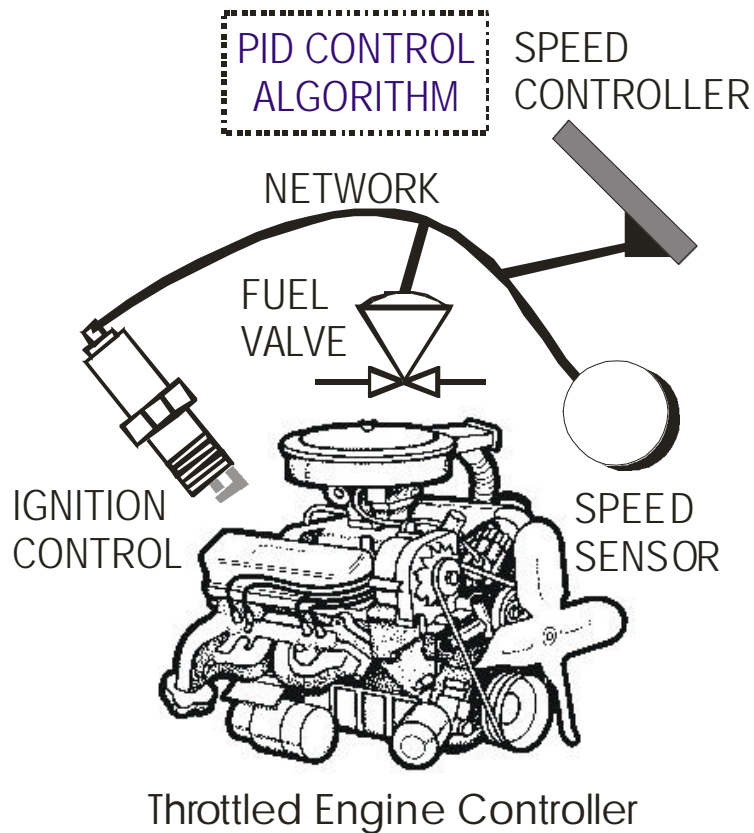




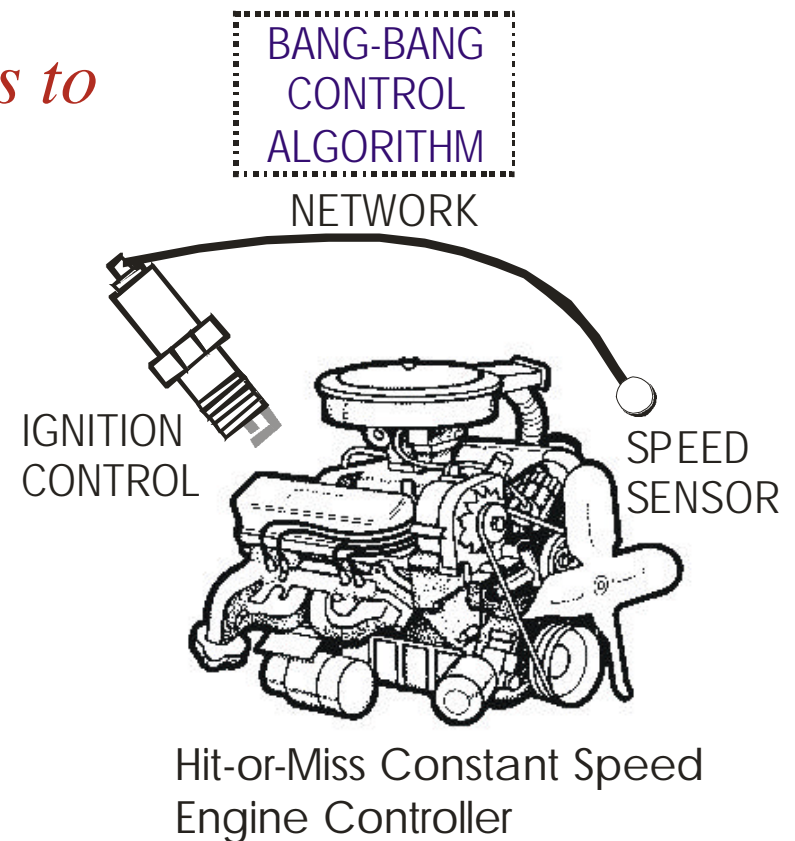
# A Simplistic Example...

## ◆ Control of gasoline engine speed

- Complicated system controls fuel if valve is installed/operational
- But, baseline capability is retained in case of failure



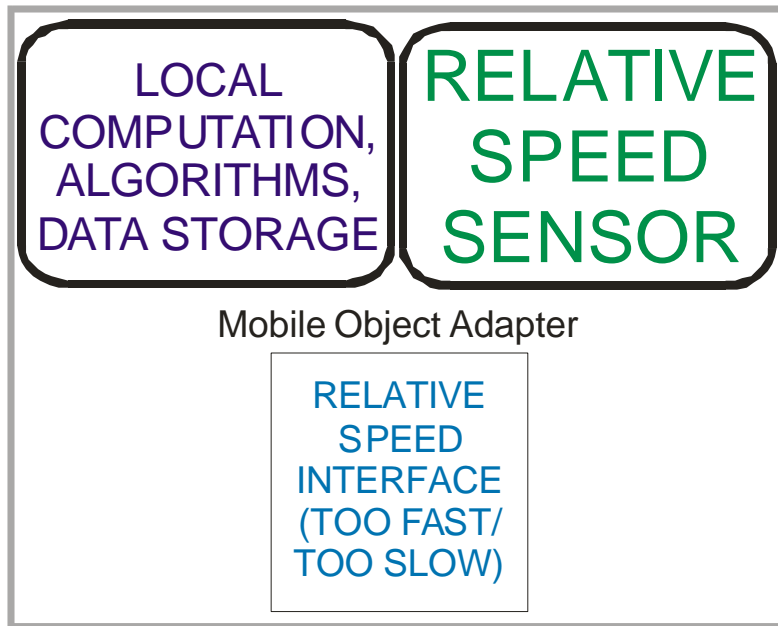
*Degrades to*



# Different Sensors / Different Capabilities

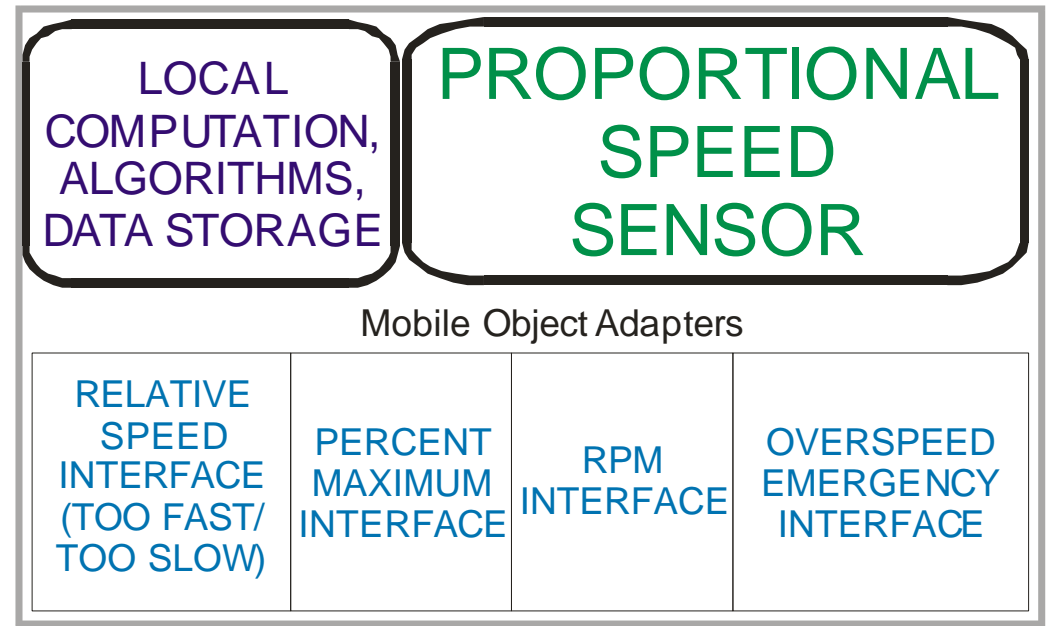
## ◆ Similarly, different actuators have different capabilities

- *Mobile Object Adapters* translate raw capability into desired interface



Embedded Network

EXAMPLE SIMPLE SPEED SENSOR

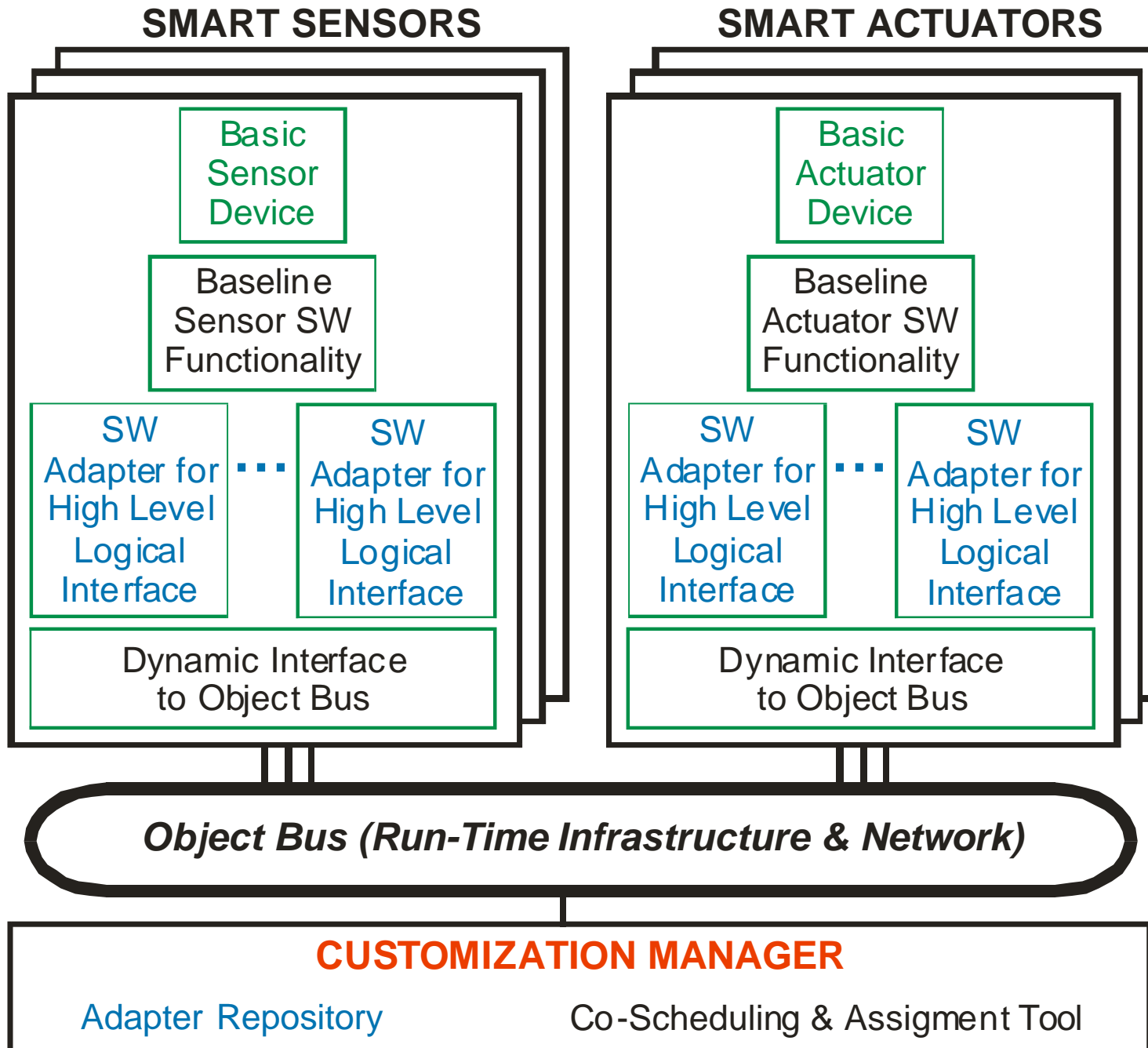


Embedded Network

EXAMPLE HIGH-END SPEED SENSOR with MULTIPLE INTERFACES



# Generic RoSES System Architecture



# Near-Term Research Challenges

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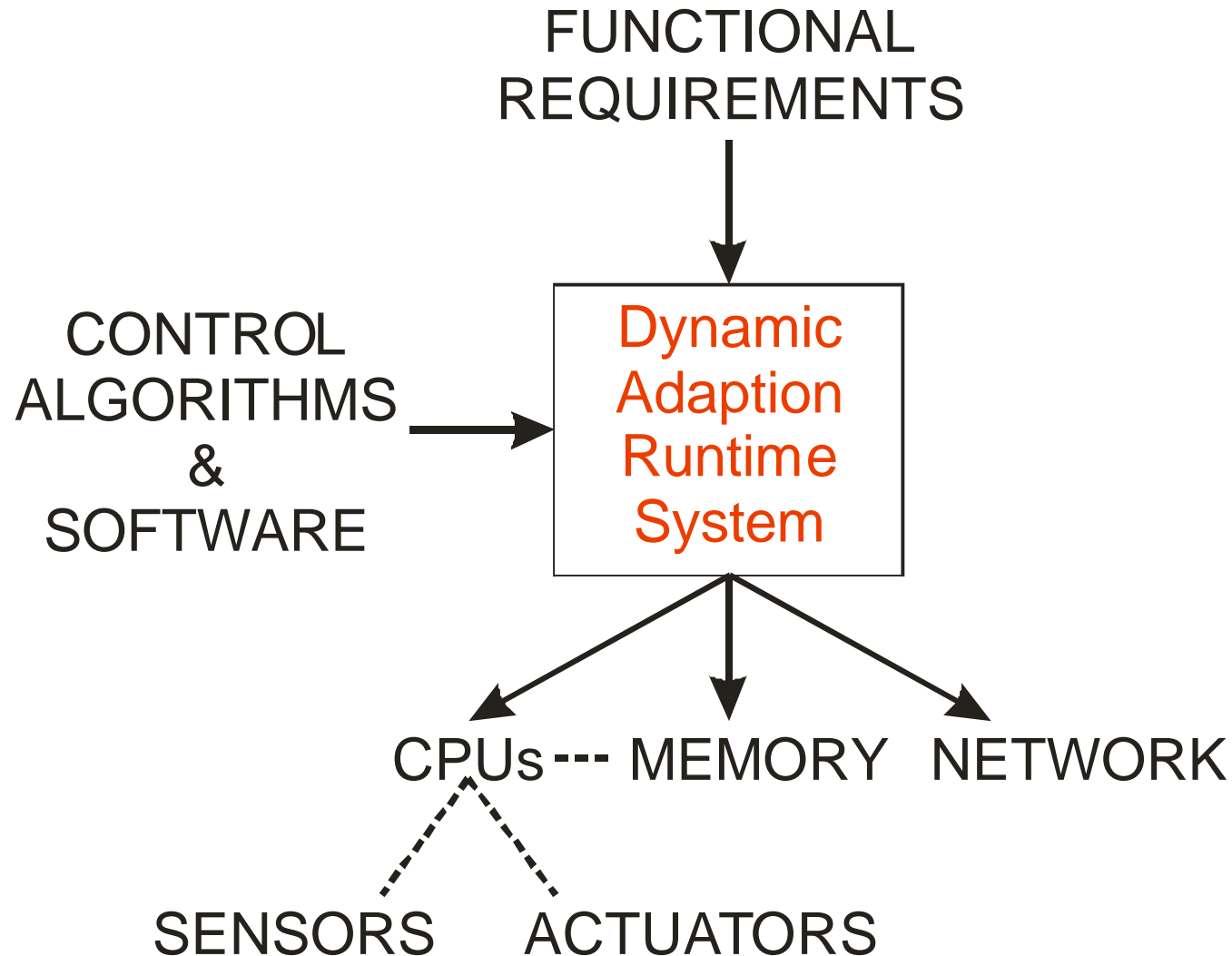
- ◆ **Mapping functionality onto hardware**
  - Maximize utility of result given constrained resources
  
- ◆ **Achieving real-time operation**
  - Co-schedule CPU, Memory, Network usage to meet real-time deadlines
  
- ◆ **Achieving “plug & play” capabilities**
  - *e.g.*, What would it take to put CORBA on a CAN network?
  - Avoid re-inventing CORBA if possible...
  
- ◆ **Tractable demonstration**
  - Generic automotive testbed





# Functionality To Hardware Mapping

- ◆ **Automatic allocation of HW & SW components**
  - Maximize utility of functions within hardware constraints



# Proposed Testbed

## ◆ Navigation + active vehicle stability control

- Inertial sensors / dead reckoning subsystem
  - 3d inertial platform with acceleration and speed readouts
  - Steering angle
  - Wheel speed

- GPS-based navigation subsystem

- External source of position and speed

- Data collection subsystem

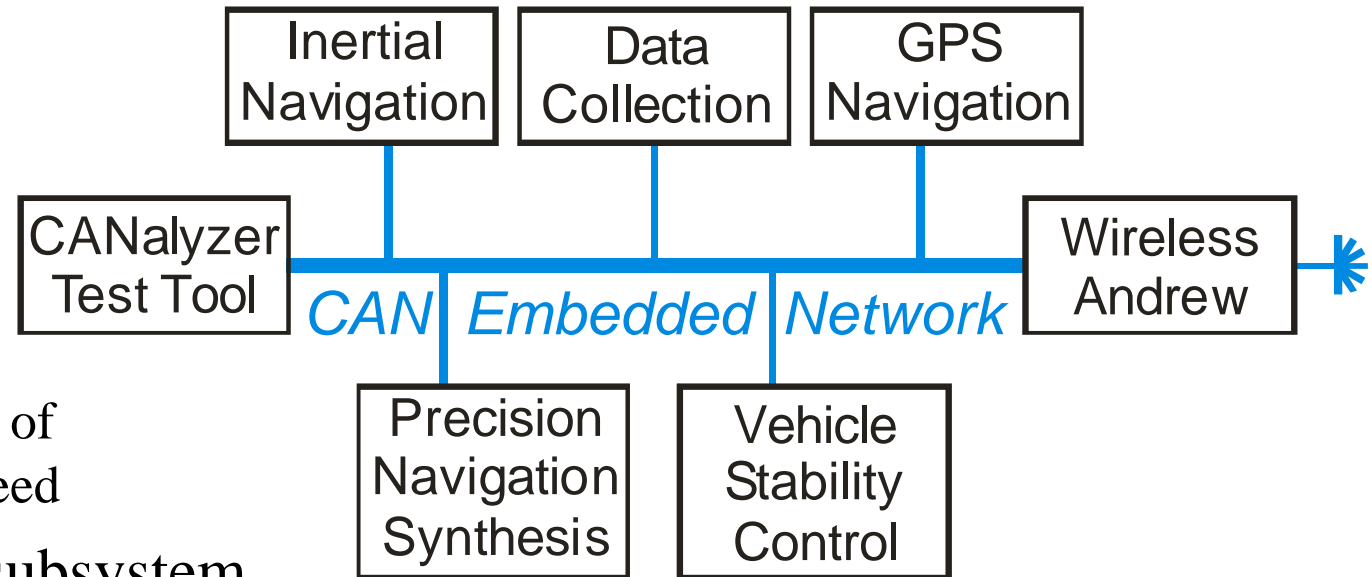
- Stores and forwards data for failure diagnosis

- Gateway to wireless internet connection

- Simulated using Wireless Andrew

- CANalyzer system to simulate rest of vehicle network

- Provides messages for realistic operating environment



# Experiments

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## ◆ Applications

- Phase 1: Precision navigation
  - Gracefully degrading navigation based on sensor information
  - Combine inertial & GPS for result better than either alone
- Phase 2: Active vehicle stability control
  - Vehicle stability algorithms vary degree of control based on quality of sensor information
  - Graceful degradation rather than brute force redundancy

## ◆ Year 1 goal – lab demo:

- Demonstrate automatic reconfiguration when sensors/actuators/computers fail for navigation application

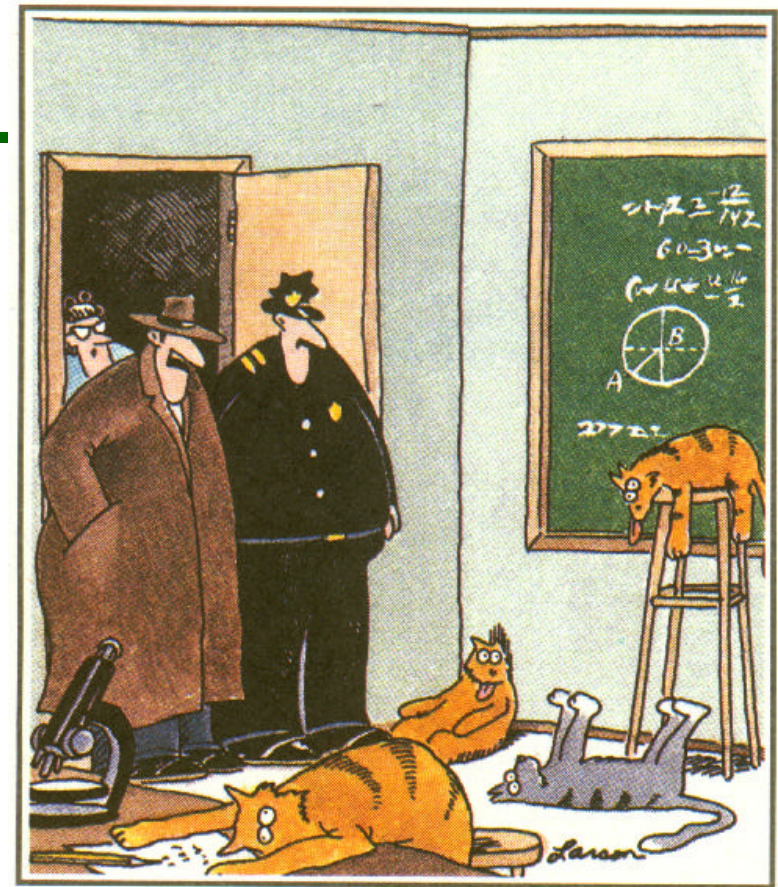
## ◆ Later goals:

- Demonstrate automatic reconfiguration in a test vehicle
- Demonstrate upgrade of baseline component with advanced/proprietary component
- Demonstrate graceful failure and restoration after repair in a test vehicle



# Possible Extensions

- ◆ **Embedded system point of view for system security**
  - Vehicle / external firewall
  - Protection against malicious or faulty components on networks
- ◆ **Safe upgrade strategies**
  - Even if new components have software defects (?!)



"Notice all the computations, theoretical scribbles, and lab equipment, Norm. ...  
Yes, curiosity killed these cats."





# People

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## ◆ Prof. Phil Koopman

- 10+ years industry experience embedded hardware & software

## ◆ Bill Nace

- Ph.D. student: functionality-to-resource mapping

## ◆ Charles Shelton

- Ph.D. student: software architecture

## ◆ Meredith Beveridge

- M.S. student: testbed/baseline applications + Jini-on-CAN

## ◆ Chris Martin

- M.S. student: simulation infrastructure (details TBD)

## ◆ Tridib Chakravarty

- M.S. student: embedded protocol infrastructure

## ◆ Mike Bigrigg – staff member

