

# AEC/APC Symposium XV

## **Advanced Process Control Implementation in Plasma Etch at Infineon Technologies Richmond**

Peter Gilgunn, Charles Venditti, Victor Morozov and Patrick Kelly



**Never stop thinking.**

# Presentation Agenda

---

- Presentation Objective
- About the Environment
- The Opportunity in Plasma Etch
- Our Vision of APC
- An Implementation in 3 Phases
- Applications and Operational Benefits
- Conclusions
- Acknowledgements

# Presentation Objective

---

- Share the IFR Plasma Etch APC experience
- Help the community learn from our successes and failures

## **Tell the Decision Makers:**

- Return on Investment (ROI) can be achieved with APC

## **Encourage the Doers:**

- Focus on ROI to make APC happen in your Fab

# About the Environment

## Infineon Technologies Richmond

- 200mm CMOS Fab (1st Si in March 1999)

- Deep trench

- 140nm tech

### Plasma etch

- Process, e

- > 20 manu

- >10000 wa

- >180 process/chamber combinations under control

- >170 product/parameter combinations under control

**Assuming**  
**300 die per wafer**  
**\$2 per die**

**1 scrap lot (25 wafers)**  
**=**  
**\$15 000 revenue**

tage

stop thinking  
Never

# About the Environment

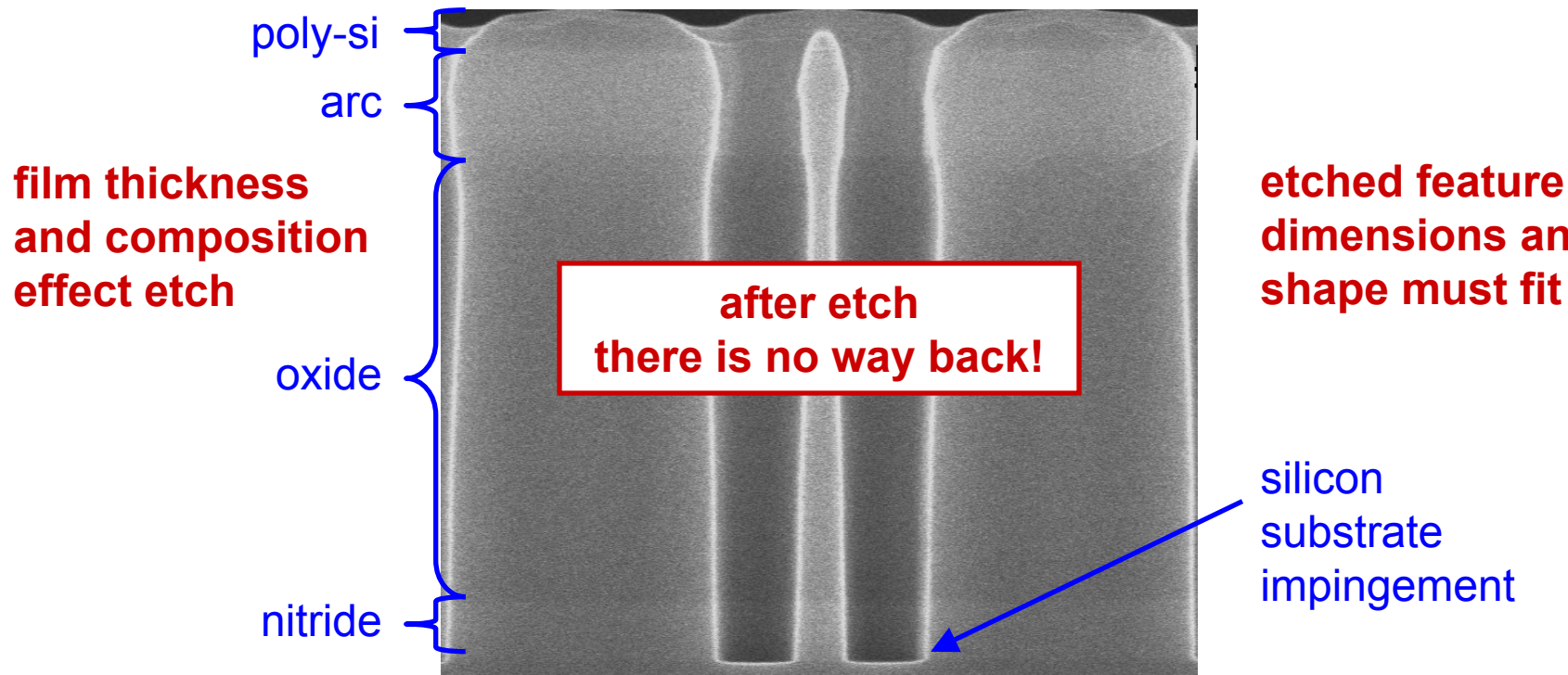
---

## Where we came from

- Statistical process control (SPC) on in-line product data
- Equipment health monitoring through blanket wafer qualifications
- Activity based preventive maintenance
- Unscheduled maintenance driven by excursions (SPC, parametric or yield) and hard tool faults

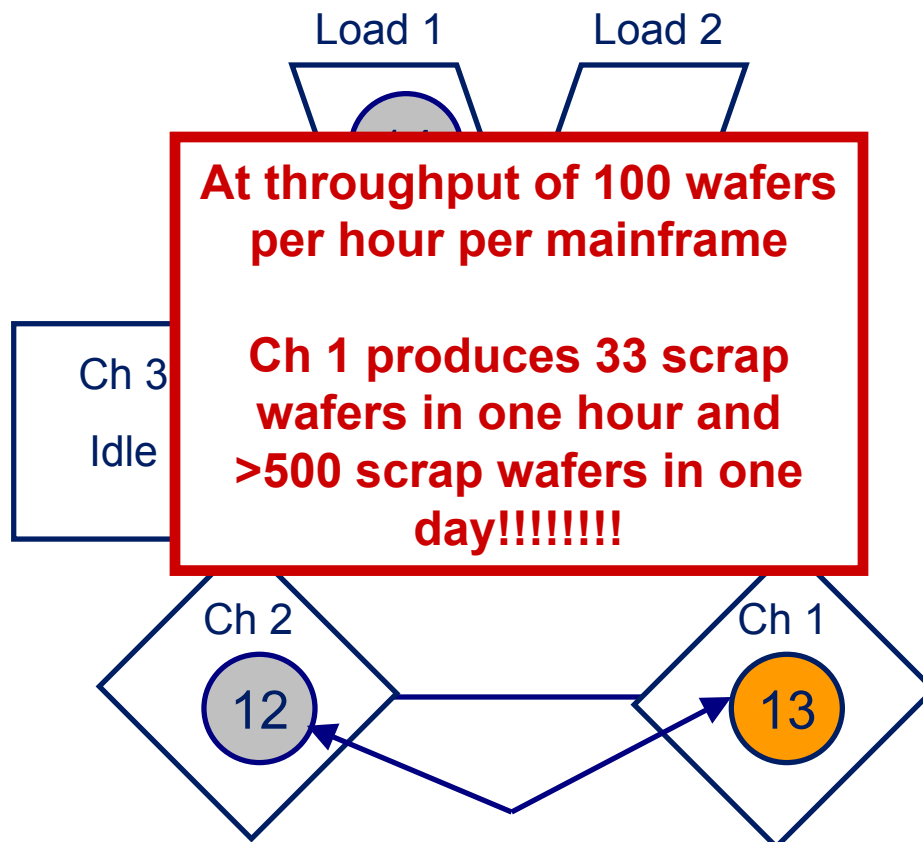
# The Opportunity in Plasma Etch

- Irreversible yield critical process
- Sensitive to all incoming variations
- 3-dimensional process output limits the ability of metrology to represent process health and predict yield



# The Opportunity in Plasma Etch

- Single wafer processing is the rule
- Multiple tool subsystems act independently and/or interact with each other to impact yield



**Ch 1 goes bad on wafer 13.  
This could be caused by:**

- Pressure
- Temperature
- Gas Flow
- RF power
- Magnetic Field
- ... or a combination of .

# The Opportunity in Plasma Etch

---

**More data**

**needed from**

**More sources**



# Our Vision of APC

---

- Divergences from optimal conditions will be detected and compensated on first wafer (**FDC**)
- Every wafer leaves the Fab achieving its maximum yield potential – dynamic artisan processing (**R2R**)
- Capital equipment time will be utilized solely for production or predictive maintenance (**OEE**)
- Metrology will be a value added process (**R2R**)

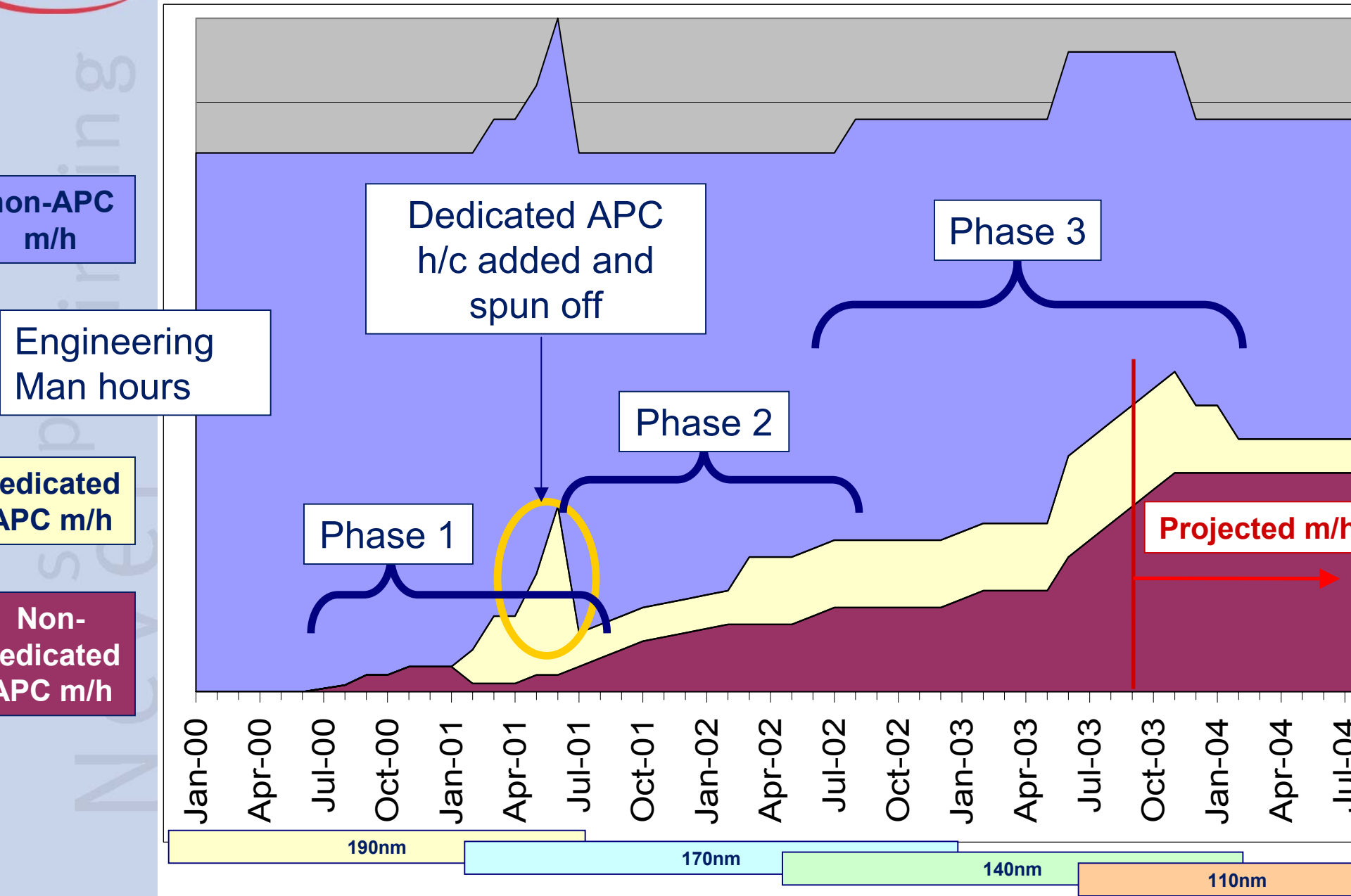
# Our Vision of APC

---

## Future Considerations

- APC systems should be scaleable
- Wafer level → Fab Cluster level
- High volume commodity products → Complex multi-generational portfolios

# An Implementation in 3 Phases



# An Implementation in 3 Phases

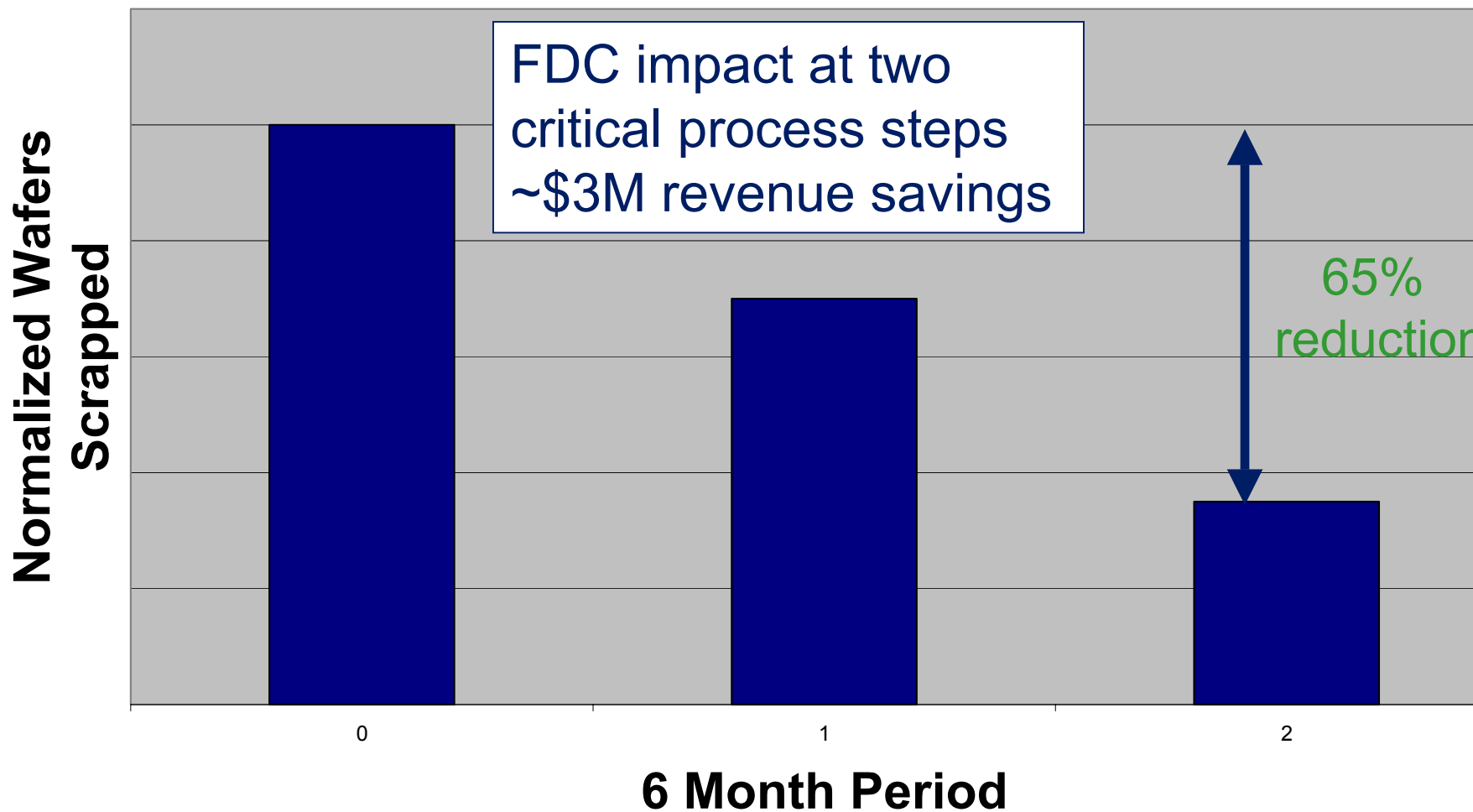
---

## Phase 1 – Demonstrate Return On Investment (ROI)

- Reduce scrap with FDC
  - Deep trench and metal etch
  - ~\$3M revenue savings over 12 months
- Increase yield with R2R
  - Shallow trench isolation depth control  
(Jowett and Morozov, “Shallow Trench Isolation Run-to-Run Control Project at Infineon Technologies Richmond”, ASMC 2002)
  - 3% yield increase over 2 technology nodes
- Identify infrastructure and database requirements
- Justify additional resource allocation

# An Implementation in 3 Phases

## Plasma Etch Wafer Scrap



# An Implementation in 3 Phases

---

## Phase 1 – Demonstrate Return On Investment (ROI)

### ■ Obstacles

- Inertia – reliance on traditional paradigm
- Skepticism – uncertainty of new paradigm
- Skills gap – no experience in APC

### ■ How We Overcame Them

- Charismatic project manager
- Small team of consensual junior engineers
- Utilized internal competence centers
- Workshops and conferences
- Hired for missing skills

# An Implementation in 3 Phases

---

## **Phase 2 – Develop Infrastructure and Applications**

- Develop infrastructure based on Phase 1 learning
  - Equipment to CIM communication
  - Server hardware upgrades for functionality
  - “Tool server” creation for each vendor mainframe
- Hardware and software training for engineers
  - Data access
  - Data handling and manipulation
- Identify applications for automation and roll-out
- Justify additional resource allocation

# An Implementation in 3 Phases

---

## Phase 2 – Develop Infrastructure and Applications

### ■ Obstacles

- Unrealistic expectations
- Multiple databases with incompatible data structure
- Lack of resources both capital and human

### ■ How We Overcame Them

- Prioritized projects
- Pareto and FMEA
- Included product yield and quality groups
- Focused on ROI as top priority



# An Implementation in 3 Phases

---

## **Phase 3 – Automate Applications and Rollout Area-wide**

- Automate four applications
  - Statistical machine control (FDC)
  - SPC by chamber (FDC)
  - Run to run (R2R)
  - Qual elimination (OEE)
- Monitor progress and stay on timeline
- Justify additional resource allocation

# An Implementation in 3 Phases

---

## Phase 3 – Automate Applications and Rollout Area-wide

### ■ Obstacles

- Lack of capital
- Lack of human resources
- Managing a large quantity of milestones

### ■ How We Overcame Them

- Focused on ROI
- Created a graphical metric
- Tracked unique milestone completion

# An Implementation in 3 Phases

## Phase 3 – APC Implementation Metric

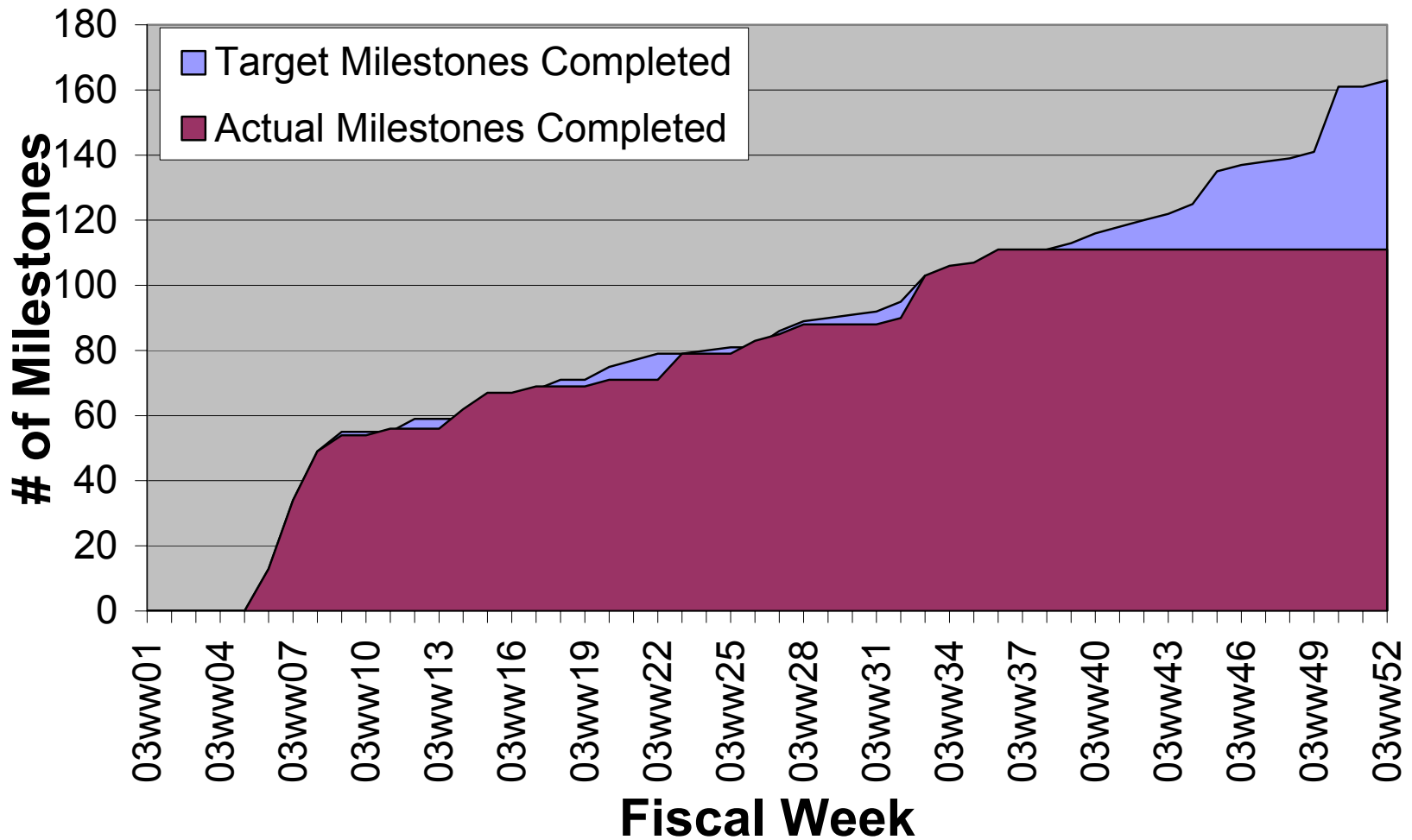
Item #	Process	Target Completion Week							
		SMC Capability	EP logbooks	Chamber EP Data	SPC by Chamber	Etchrate Qual Elimination	Particle Qual Elimination	SMC Methods	Run to Run
1	Proc1	03ww06	03ww07	03ww08	03ww09	03ww45	03ww50	03ww45	
2	Proc2	03ww06	03ww07	03ww08	03ww09	03ww27	03ww50	03ww37	03ww44
3	Proc3		03ww07	03ww08	03ww28			03ww41	
4	Proc4	03ww06	03ww07	03ww08	03ww33	03ww45	03ww50	03ww45	
5	Proc5	03ww18	03ww07	03ww20	03ww28	03ww45	03ww50	03ww44	

Item #	Process	Actual Completion Week							
		SMC Capability	EP logbooks	Chamber EP Data	SPC by Chamber	Etchrate Qual Elimination	Particle Qual Elimination	SMC Methods	Run to Run
1	Proc1	03ww06	03ww07	03ww08	03ww33	03ww32			
2	Proc2	03ww06	03ww07	03ww08	03ww09	03ww33			
3	Proc3		03ww07	03ww08	03ww26				
4	Proc4	03ww06	03ww07	03ww08	03ww26	03ww33			
5	Proc5	03ww14	03ww07	03ww20	03ww26	03ww33			

> 20 processes total

# An Implementation in 3 Phases

## Phase 3 - Etch APC Implementation Metric



Never stop thinking

# Applications and Operational Benefits

- Wafer-chamber data enabled chamber level yield tracking and improved troubleshooting

ETCH Tool: **AMT204FC**      Recipe: **EA101.03**

Wfr#	Chamb	OARC Time	BSG, NIT Time
<input type="checkbox"/> 25	B	69.80	104.10
<input type="checkbox"/> 24	A	71.10	103.20
<input type="checkbox"/> 23	C	68.90	106.50
<input type="checkbox"/> 22	B	70.20	103.20
<input type="checkbox"/> 21	A	70.80	103.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 20	C	69.40	106.20
<input type="checkbox"/> 19	B	69.40	104.20
<input type="checkbox"/> 18	A	71.40	103.20
<input type="checkbox"/> 17	C	68.80	107.00
<input type="checkbox"/> 16	B	69.90	104.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 15	A	70.90	102.80
<input type="checkbox"/> 14	C	69.10	106.60

Lot Statistics			
Chamber A			
OARC	Mean:	71.1	Rf Tot:
OARC	Range:	0.6	.
BSG, NIT	Mean:	103.5	Rf WC:
BSG, NIT	Range:	2.6	43.0
STEP 3	Mean:	.	
STEP 3	Range:	.	
Chamber B			
OARC	Mean:	69.6	Rf Tot:
OARC	Range:	1.3	.
BSG, NIT	Mean:	103.9	Rf WC:
BSG, NIT	Range:	3.0	161.0
STEP 3	Mean:	.	
STEP 3	Range:	.	

# Applications and Operational Benefits

## ■ Product etchrate data enabled qual elimination

ETCH Tool: **DPSZ01EA** Recipe: **EG101.03**  
 Diff Tool: **NITR05DB**

Wfr#	Chamb	Diffusion			ARC EP Time	Etch Rate	POLY HM EP Time
		Mean	Rng	l%sig			
<input type="checkbox"/> 25	D	.	.	.	42.60	.	92.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 24	A	.	.	.	38.20	.	92.70
<input type="checkbox"/> 23	B	.	.	.	.	.	97.00
<input type="checkbox"/> 22	A	.	.	.	.	.	93.80
<input type="checkbox"/> 21	B	.	.	.	.	.	96.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 20	A	.	.	.	.	.	92.50
<input type="checkbox"/> 19	B	.	.	.	.	.	96.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 18	A	.	.	.	.	.	93.50
<input type="checkbox"/> 17	B	.	.	.	.	.	97.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 16	A	.	.	.	38.10	.	94.30
<input type="checkbox"/> 15	B	.	.	.	38.70	.	95.80
<input type="checkbox"/> 14	A	2011.35	47.7	0.74	38.30	1303.25	92.60
<input type="checkbox"/> 13	B	.	.	.	39.10	.	96.60

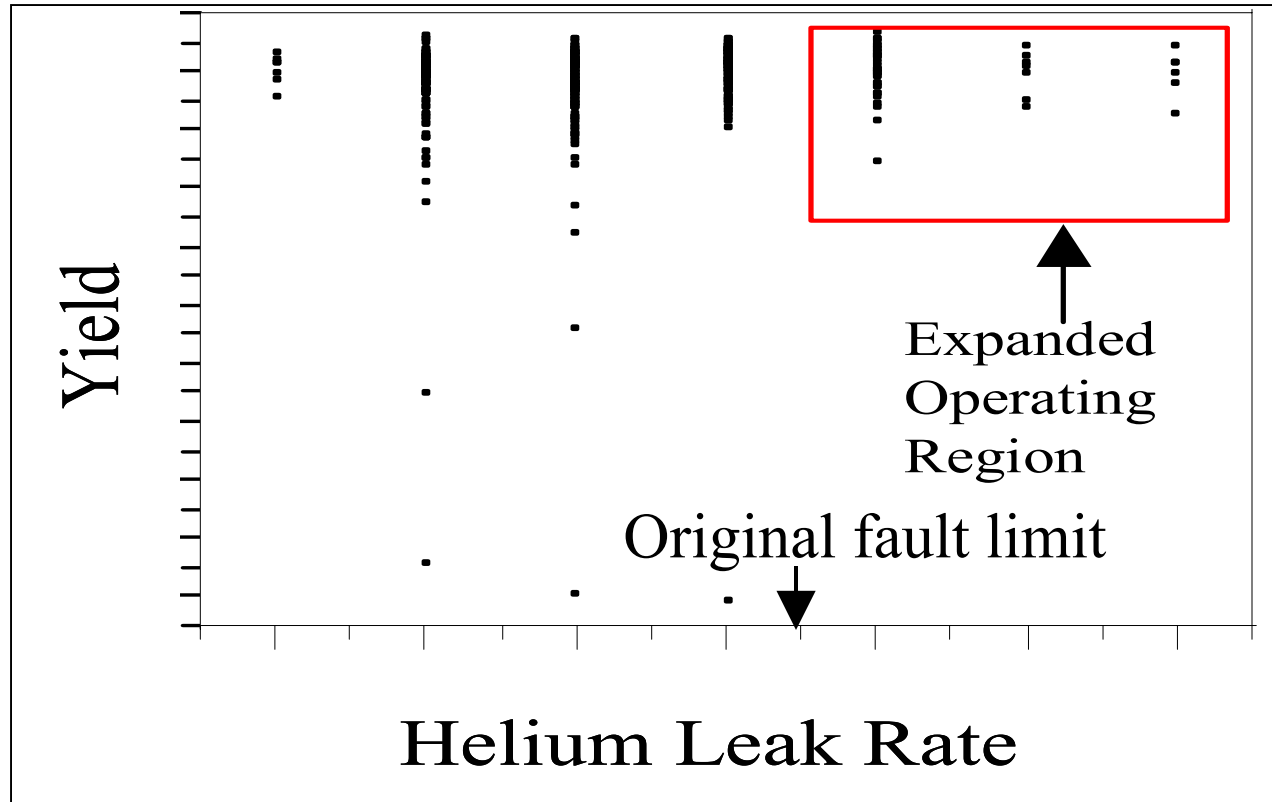
Chamber A			
ARC EP	Mean:	38.1	Rf Tot:
ARC EP	Range:	0.8	.
Etch	Rate:	1303.3	.
POLY HM EP	Mean:	92.6	Rf WC:
POLY HM EP	Range:	3.7	128.0

- Availability to production increased by 2% on average
- test wafer usage reduced by 80% and associate productive time was increased

Never stop thinking

# Applications and Operational Benefits

- SMC data enabled improved fault management for OEE and predictive maintenance without loss of resolution



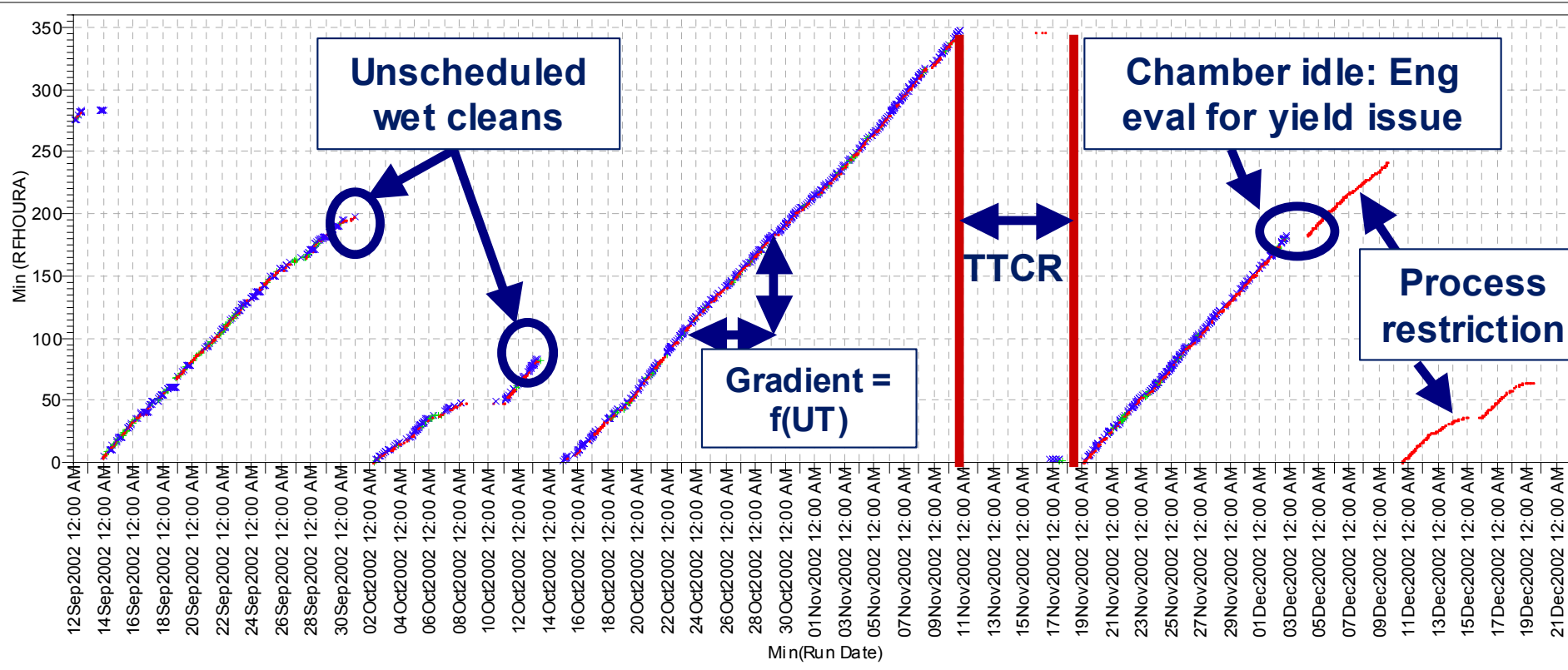
- Allowing production in the expanded operating region increased availability by 1% and yield by 0.1%

Never stop thinking

# Applications and Operational Benefits

## ■ SMC data provided context to OEE statistics

Productive Wafers	Idle Time	Eng	Unsch Down	Non Productive Wafers	PM
69.5%	6.9%	3.8%	18.4%	1.2%	0.2%



x – Process 1

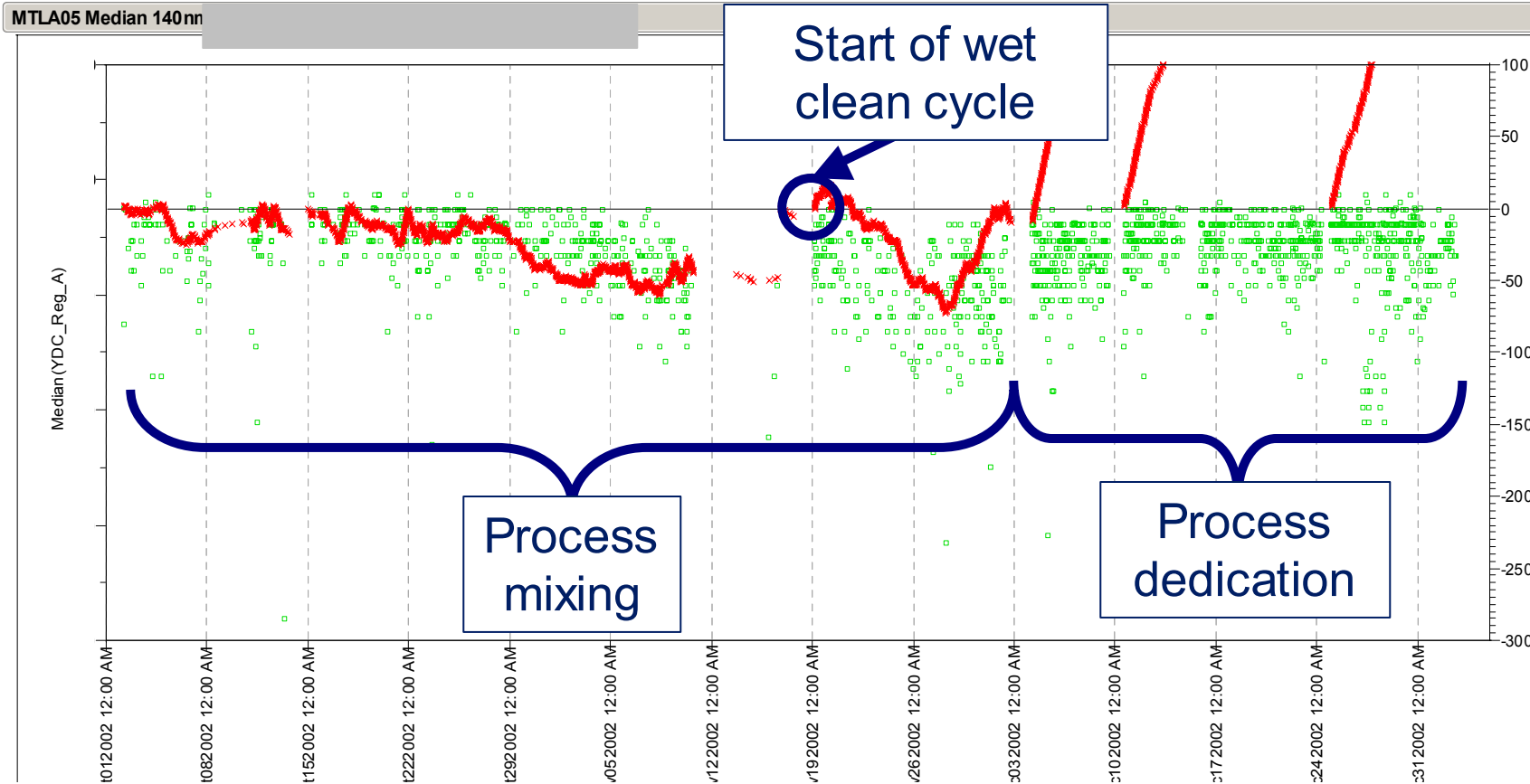
+ - Process 2

• - Process 3



# Applications and Operational Benefits

- SMC data provided context to chamber yield performance

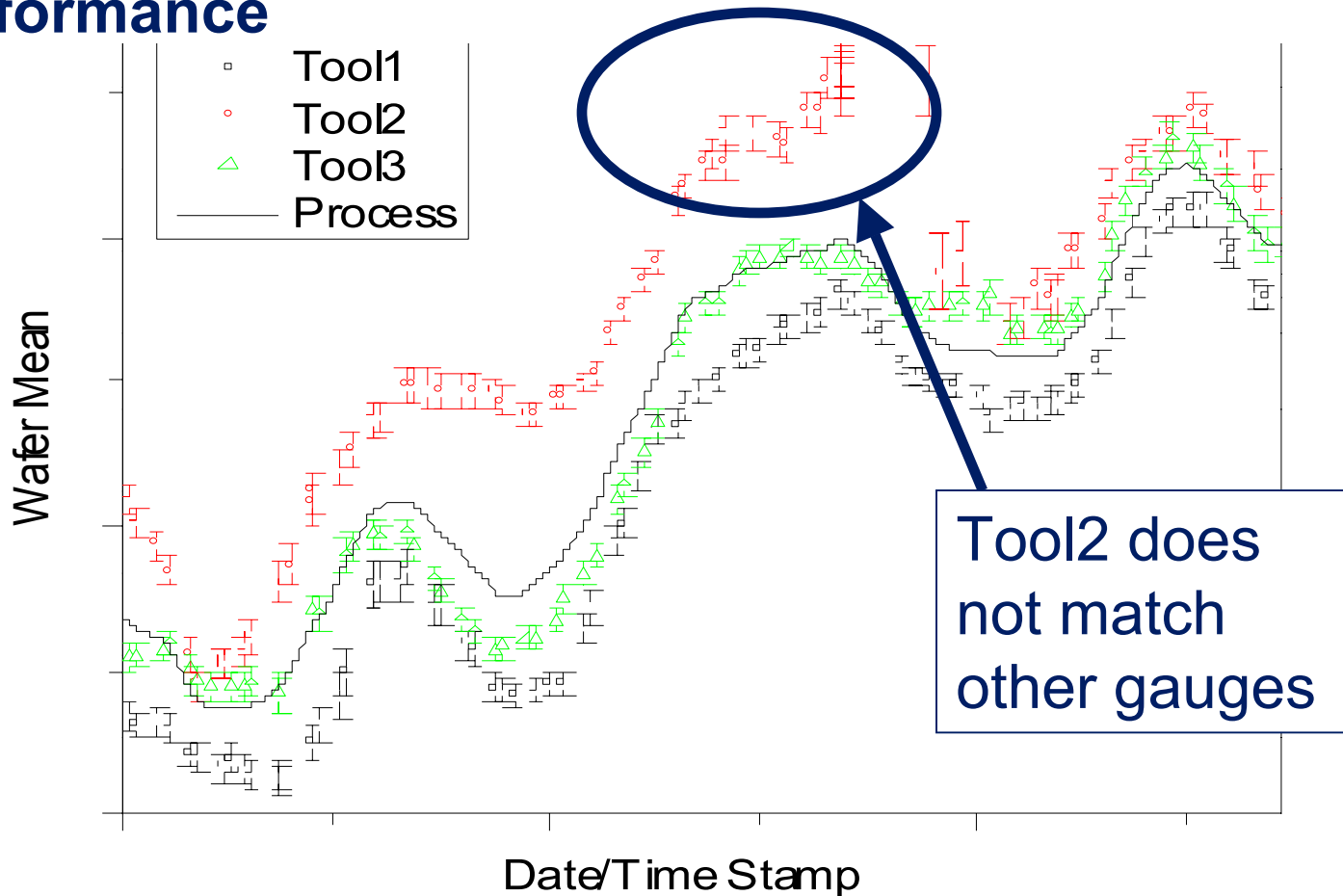


- Process dedication increased yield by 0.7%

Never stop thinking

# Applications and Operational Benefits

## ■ Systems and data for monitoring dynamic metrology performance



stop thinking  
Never

# Applications and Operational Benefits

---

## ■ Happier engineers

- Workload reduced by approx. 15%
- Able to answer more questions
- Able to prove the answer with data
- Fewer excursions to clean up
- More time to focus on interesting engineering projects **... like sensors!**

# Conclusions

---

- APC implementation was a long road (3+ years for reasonable functionality and process coverage)
- The payoff is worth the effort
- Operational benefits in addition to FDC and R2R will be obtained
- Focus on ROI to overcome obstacles
- We still have not reached the final destination
  
- Next step – sensor integration??\$\$??

# Acknowledgements

---

- **Contributions to the success of APC in etch were made by:**
- **The IFR CIM and EI team** - Glenn Thompson, Mike Bussey, Norman England, Joyce Hartley and Bennie Fiol, without whose support our APC infrastructure would not exist
- **The APC Team** – James Welsh, Matt England and Gary Skinner, whose support on application development made our ideas reality and opened our minds to new possibilities
- **The Etch Cimco** – Dean Smith, who supported our tool server upgrades and maintained our connectivity to the production equipment
- **IFX APC CoC** – Ralf Otto for FDC wisdom
- **Ernst-Günter Mohr** for the inspiration to get started

# References

---

1. Thomas Sonderman, AMD, “APC as a Competitive Manufacturing Technology: AMD's Vision for 300mm”, Keynote Address, 3<sup>rd</sup> European AEC/APC Conference, April 2002
2. Brian Harrison, “Expanding the Control Paradigm by Excellence in Manufacturing Execution”, Keynote Address, AEC/APC Symposium XIV, September 2002
3. Hopp and Spearman, Factory Physics, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, page 25
4. Jowett and Morozov, “Shallow Trench Isolation Run-to-Run Control Project at Infineon Technologies Richmond”, ASMC 2002
5. Karzhavin et al, “Advanced Process Control Project at Infineon Technologies Richmond”, Future Fab volume 12